

The Eaton Weekly Democrat

EDITED BY A COMMITTEE.

Eaton, Thursday, Oct. 6th 1870.

THE ISSUES BEFORE THE PEOPLE.

A White Citizenship, Free Trade
—Reputation of the Bonded Debt, Abolishment of the Income Tax, Restoration under the Old Constitution and no compromise with the destructive and infamous policy of a centralized despotism.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Secretary of State,
WILLIAM HEISLEY.
Of Cuyahoga County.

For Supreme Judge,
HON. RICHARD A. HARRISON.
Of Madison County.

For Comptroller of the Treasury,
JOHN A. HEATON.
Of Belmont County.

For Member of Board of Public Works,
COL. WILLIAM SPENCER.
Of Licking County.

For Congress,
COL. J. D. CAMPBELL.

Vote for L. D. Campbell and Equal Taxation.

DEMOCRATIC STATE EXECUTIVE
COMMITTEE ROOMS,
COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 28, 1870.

GENTLEMEN:—Allow us to impress upon you, that in the printing of Democratic Tickets to be voted this Fall, that the office be given in full, and the name spelled correctly. We give below the full name and correct spelling of the State Ticket:

Secretary of State,
WILLIAM HEISLEY.

Judge of the Supreme Court,
RICHARD A. HARRISON.

Comptroller of the Treasury,
JOHN A. HEATON.

Member of the Board of Public Works,
WILLIAM SPENCER.

We desire to suggest, and urge the importance of calling a meeting of your committee, together with such Democrats as you may deem advisable to invite, some evening this week, and select three or four more of your most leading and influential Democrats who will agree to visit every township in your county to urge upon our friends greater activity, and the absolute necessity of a full Democratic vote on the 11th of October. With it, we are certain to carry the State; without it, we can't expect success now or hereafter. Will you do this?

A law of the last Legislature so changed the law in relation to judges of the election as to give the highest candidate defeated at the last election for member of the council or township trustee the right to act as the third judge of election. The idea of the law is eminently proper, for it gives to the party in a minority in a township or ward the right to one judge of the election. Where the person so having the right to act is not present at the opening of the polls, the by-standers, as before the law was passed, has the right to select the judge. Allow us to suggest that you impress upon our friends in townships and wards where the Radicals have a majority, that they avail themselves of this law by urging the candidate for trustee or member of the town or city council receiving the highest vote of those not elected to be present at the opening of the polls, and to claim and exercise his right to set as an election judge. Your attention to this may be the means of preventing improper voting, and may, as has been attempted heretofore, prevent frauds upon the elective franchise.

Below we give you the section of the law to which your attention is drawn. (See vol. 67 Ohio Laws, pages 47 and 48.)

Respectfully yours,
JOHN G. THOMPSON,
Chairman.

L. E. WILSON, Sec'y.
AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate the election of state and county officers," passed May 3, 1852.

(S. & C. 532.)
Section 6. That the judges of election, for every election precinct, at all elections held under this act, or the acts amendatory thereof, or supplementary thereto, shall be chosen and constituted as follows, to wit:

First.—In every township, and for the township election precinct therein, said judges shall consist of the two electors receiving the highest number of votes for said office of those not elected thereto; provided, if of those elected township trustee, at any election, two have an equal, but not the highest, or, if the three have the same, or, if of those not elected, two or more have the highest and

an equal number of votes for said office, then, in every such event, the township clerk shall, without delay, publicly determine, by lot, which said two, or which two of said three not elected, or which one of those not elected but receiving votes as aforesaid (as the case or cases may require), shall be judge or judges of election. If any township clerk receive more such precincts than one, the trustee thereof not chosen as aforesaid, shall be one of the judges of election for one such precinct, whereas the other two as well as the judges of election for any additional township precinct, situated wholly or partly in such township, shall be chosen in the manner provided in section seven of this act. The clerk of every township shall make and preserve a record of the names of all persons, with the proper dates, chosen judges of election as aforesaid in such township.

Second.—Said judges of election for each ward of any city, or village divided into wards, shall consist of the two councilmen of such ward, and the elector receiving the highest number of votes therein; the highest number of votes for the office of councilman of those not elected thereto; provided, if two or more electors not elected to said office, have the highest and an equal number of votes therefor, then it shall be the duty of the city or village clerk, as the case may be, on opening the returns for such ward, to determine, by lot, which of such electors shall be judge of election for the same. A record whereof he shall make in his minutes, and said clerk shall issue a certificate of election, as in other cases, to the person in each ward so chosen. Judges of election chosen as aforesaid, shall serve as such during one year, and until their successors are chosen and qualified as aforesaid. Sec. 47 and 48, laws of 1870.

Campbell and Schenck. A Parallel Schenck himself was the first to attempt a parallel between the two well-known politicians now claiming the suffrages of the people of the Third district. He, therefore, cannot object to a continuance of the subject. Schenck's first citation was the disparity in their military record. He claims for himself greater efforts in behalf of the "Union" during the late "unpleasantness" between the North and the South. Now, the valorous militia Major-General should bear in mind that efforts in the wrong direction amount to very little in making up balance sheets. Indeed, they often do more harm than good.

Leaving out of the argument all question as to the best means to be employed to suppress insurrection, and bring order out of confusion, and taking General Schenck's standpoint for observation, let us examine facts. At the breaking out of the late war Schenck was a gentleman of elegant leisure—just the sort to go into the war. He declared in the public streets of Dayton, in front of the Market house, in the spring of 1861, that he was unfit to be a common soldier. He was not well enough posted on military tactics to fight in the ranks. He, therefore, resolved to do the worst thing possible for the interest of the Government and the patriotic men in the ranks.

He went straightway to President Lincoln and made known to that high functionary his incompetency, whereupon the President made him a brigadier-general of volunteers, at a large salary. He was soon promoted for his tyranny in Baltimore. The case is a plain one, by Schenck's own confession. He was unfit to be a soldier in the ranks—much less a sergeant of the guard, a lieutenant or a captain. Hence he is commissioned a brigadier-general and placed in command of an army. His first exploit was to get his men aboard a train of cars and go snorting into the enemy's camp, and whereby his innocent men were slaughtered.

His next exploit was to issue a silly order at the battle of Bull Run, which the accomplished Colonel McCook, who was under Schenck's command, treated with contempt and disobeyed, thereby saving the hero of Vienna's command from destruction. Thereupon the General telegraphed home that he and his staff were safe—of course, by the grace of Colonel McCook. This was not doing the best he could for his country. He might have done better in the ranks, and not endangered the lives of men whom he was confessedly incompetent to command.

Mr. Campbell commenced his military career lower down the ladder, and thereby showed his sense, discretion and patriotism. But General Schenck says Colonel Campbell was soon found installed as "Military Governor of Nashville," and he believes made a valuable civil command

ant. That is saying more in behalf of his opponent than can be said of the hero of Vienna. Not a great while after the brilliant coup d'etat at Vienna, Schenck was sent to Baltimore as its military dictator. This was a good thing for the men under him in the ranks, but a bad thing for the old city of monuments. Instead of being a good commandant of a subject city, as Colonel Campbell proved himself to be in Nashville, General Schenck was an unmitigated tyrant. His time was principally occupied in aiding his gay assistant—the notorious Fish—in arresting and trying the women of Baltimore. When Fish broke open and rifled ladies' wardrobes and trunks Schenck said "good."

Had our hero begun in the ranks, and fought his way up like a man, though he never had risen higher than corporal, he would be entitled to honor. He might have looked back upon his record with pride and satisfaction. When men thrust themselves into responsible positions for which they are unfit by training and by nature, and that too over the heads of accomplished officers, they have no right to apologize for their incompetency, by saying they did the best they could.

We shall hereafter show that Schenck is just as much a botch, and just as slow to learn in Congress as in the army.

The Wedding.

What charm chimes out at the stroke of bells, When known as peals from marriage bells. Obdient to tones like these an appreciative audience assembled this morning Sept. 18th, at 8 o'clock in the U. B. Church to witness the marriage of Mr. Jonathan M. Wescoe of Eaton, O., to Miss Phila M. Richardson of Seven Mile, O. The announcement was read from the pulpit on Sabbath, and the general invitation was accepted. The attendant Brides-maid and Groomsman were Miss Katie L. Lewis of Seven Mile, and Mr. O. A. Starr of Hamilton. Some twenty special guests were invited to the house of Mr. J. C. Richardson, who also by the same cards were invited to go with the wedding party to the home of Mr. Wescoe near Eaton, which was graciously accepted by many. The nine o'clock train hurried away the happy company from the presence of numerous friends collected at the Depot. One of the company, going, was the Rev. O. T. Frame whose lot it was to have said the ceremony. On this occasion, in the observance of this rite, each in responsible station, acted commendably his part. The bride beautiful, and her beautiful maid in beautiful white, behaved well, her liege-lord and groomsmen looked sober and manly yet pleased. Our best benedictions be and go with them evermore.

SEVEN MILE.

Stolen Property Found.

The set of buggy harness stolen from the stable of L. G. Gould, three weeks ago, together with a saddle, two bridles, a pair of check lines and some wagon gears, were found on Tuesday last, by FLINNY GOLD-SMITH, in his corn field about two miles west of Eaton. The harness were in two grain sacks. One sack is branded with the name of a firm in Franklin, O.—very conspicuous—the other, J. Davis, and the inside is well spotted with blood and chicken feathers! More suspicious! As it is known where these sacks have been, it would be advisable for the late owners to come forward and give an account of them, or some persons might be green enough to think the late owners of them were in the harness business, and possibly cause this to be a warm place for them to tarry.

Why don't some industrious Yankee invent some patent by which printers could do without money and oblige more people. We wish that printers could be fed, clothed, kept awake and alive all the time by steam, gas, electricity or some other agents than the ones now required.

Schenck's Moral Past Time.
For the benefit of the moral portion of the Republican party in this county, our Artist has furnished us a cut, representing our present Congressional representative of New England nabobs, in his favorite past-time amusement during the long winter evenings, while sojourning at Washington city.



There are a great many of this "God and morality" party right in our midst, who throw up the whites of their eyes in holy horror, and pretend to be deadly enemies of all who drink or gamble—you can hear them at all times swear they will neither "touch or handle" the intoxicating drinker—they attend Church with long faces, and pass a Saloon or Saloon keeper as one would the charnel-house of a small-pox—but, yet, in the face of all their public professions, they are now tearing their throats and throats, bellowing for a person to represent them in Congress, who is notorious as an easy drinker and has lost large sums of money at the faro table during the last session of Congress. Individually we are not making war against Schenck for these two evils, for it makes little difference to us how much he drinks or how much he gambles away, but when we see men go "neck and heels" for such a character, who are eternally parading their pretended hatred for whiskey drinkers before the public, it makes us have an itching desire to expose their cant and hypocrisy. The Register machine will please make a note of this item and oblige the Temple of Honor, and members of the Christian Churches generally.

Another Loyal Collector in Trouble.

Ex-Collector Vanderveer, of this District, charged with Embezzlement \$80,000. General Ferdinand Vanderveer, formerly Collector of the Third Congressional District, a staunch supporter of Schenck, and a formidable aspirant for the nomination which Gen. Schenck obtained, was arrested by Deputy United States Marshal Dempster, on Wednesday, upon charge as preferred by John J. Lamoree, an agent of the Revenue Department. The investigations leading to the arrest were conducted with the utmost secrecy, and resulted in finding embezzlements amounting to \$80,000, between February, 1867, and March 1869. The largest sum appropriated at any one time was \$43,000, in April 1868. The case came up for hearing before United States Commissioner Halliday, who postponed the examination of the case until next Wednesday, and in the meantime released the prisoner upon \$15,000 bail.

It is rumored that charges, of a like character, will be preferred against several other parties in the Third district. The high social standing of General Vanderveer, together with this gigantic exposure of fraud, causes consternation in the Radical ranks, but the General's case is only one of three hundred and forty others, an exposure of which appeared recently.

Schenck at It—Bribery and Corruption.
We understand, upon good authority, that a prominent revenue official of Dayton, and an intimate friend and toady of Schenck's a few days ago approached one of our leading German Democrats and offered him \$1000 if he would make two or three Republican speeches this fall. The offer was scornfully rejected and we suppose that, of course, the corruptionists will with their thirty pieces of silver, continue to hunt until they can find somebody that their money can purchase. As soon as they find such a man they will duly announce him as an "accession" from the Democratic party.



CAMPBELL AND SCHENCK IN JOINT DISCUSSION, AT EATON, O., ON WEDNESDAY, OCT. 5, AT 2 O'CLOCK, P. M.

Administrator's Sale.

In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Preble county, Ohio, I will offer for sale as public auction, On the 29th day of October, A.D. 1870,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., upon the premises, the following described Real Estate, situate in the Village of Winchester, county of Preble and State of Ohio, viz: The north half of lot number sixty-eight and the north half of Lot No. sixty-nine as known and designated on the plat of said town of Winchester, in the county and State aforesaid. To be sold free and clear from the dower Estate of Mary A. Focht.

Terms of Sale—One third in hand, one third in one year and one third in two years from the day of sale, with interest; the payments to be secured by mortgage on the premises sold. Appraised at \$230.00.

ISAAC KESLING, Adm'r of Levi Harp, deceased. Hubbard & Freeman, Attys. Sept. 15, 1870 w6 p14.50.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that Alfred H. Stephens has been duly appointed and qualified as Executor of the Estate of Jesse R. Stephens, deceased, late of Preble county, Ohio.

ALFRED H. STEPHENS. Sept. 15, 1870 w3 p14.15.

Legal Notice.

Squire L. Little, plff vs Nelson P. Phelps et al. Common Pleas at Dayton, Ohio. Nelson P. Phelps, of the State of Illinois, James Cook & Lucinda Cook, his wife, William Teiman, Simon and Hale and Richard B. Wilson, defendants. Call take notice that Squire L. Little of Wayne county, Indiana, did on the 13th day of September 1870, file his petition in the Court of Common Pleas, within and for the county of Preble and State of Ohio, against the said Nelson P. Phelps, and the other defendants above named, setting forth, that the defendants, James Cook & Lucinda Cook, his wife, gave a mortgage to the defendant William Teiman on the south east corner of section number 8, in township number 5, of range 1 east, containing 190 acres, more or less, situate in Preble county, Ohio, to secure the payment of \$3400.00, according to certain notes referred to in said mortgage, said notes and mortgage dated August 6th, 1869. That said mortgage and notes were on the 14th day of September 1869 assigned by the said William Teiman, by his written assignment to the plaintiff Squire L. Little. That since the giving of said mortgage by the said James Cook and wife, said Cook and wife, did deed said land to the defendant Nelson P. Phelps who is the owner thereof. And that since the giving of said mortgage and deed the defendants James Cook, Simons & Hale and Richard B. Wilson, claim an interest in said lands under the said Nelson P. Phelps. And praying that said Nelson P. Phelps may pay said sum claimed to be due amounting to \$1500.06 with interest from Aug. 6th 1869, or that said premises may be sold to pay the same, and the said Nelson P. Phelps, and the other defendants are notified that they are required to appear and answer said petition on or before the 12th day of November, 1870.

A. L. STUDY, CAMPBELL & GILMORE, Attorneys for Plaintiff. Attest—D. B. Morrow, Clerk. Sept. 15, 1870 w6 p14.20.

If you want to save money in the purchase of DRY GOODS, go to the store of F. M. DEEM, and satisfy yourself that the above is true. July 28, 1870-tf.

M. H. Hildert's Clothing Emporium
OF THE BEST QUALITY KEPT ON HAND.
Call this week. REMEMBER THE PLACE, Main Street, Eaton, Ohio.
February 11, 1870-jf.

Executors Notice.

The undersigned have been duly appointed Executors of the last will of Cornelius Van Aunsdal, late of Preble county, Ohio; deceased, August 10, 1870. Joseph Donohue, Isaac Van Aunsdal, Harvey B. Van Aunsdal. Atty's. Aug 18 w3. p17.15
VOTE FOR L. D. Campbell And Equal Taxation on Tuesday Next.

A Fortune Two Dollars!!

Send Two Dollars to Cashier First National Bank, Germantown, Montgomery county, Ohio, for a Registered Ticket in John E. Stevenson's Grand Gift Distribution of Sixty Thousand Dollars' worth of Valuable Real Estate, Gold and Silver Watches, to be drawn positively on the

19th Day of December, 1870. Money is retained by the Bank until the Drawing takes place. The Capital Prize is a Beautiful Farm and Fine Country Residence, adjoining the corporation of Germantown, O., valued at Thirty Thousand Dollars.

Don't delay. Send at once. This is a rare chance—an HONEST scheme. You may be the lucky one. A Chance at Four Hundred and Eighty-Nine Valuable Prizes! for Only Two Dollars!! Six Tickets to one address for \$10. For Circulars, and all information, address, with stamp, JOHN H. STEVENSON, Germantown, Montgomery Co., O. sep6, 1870-w5.

THE

DEMOCRAT can be had from now until after the Campaign for the trifling sum of SIXTY-FIVE cts. In clubs of 10 FIFTY DOLLARS. This is the only, and best offer we shall make to the many Democrats of Preble. Send in the names early.

THE "SINGER" NEW



FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

WITH ATTACHMENTS FOR ALL KINDS OF WORK. Is fast winning favor in the Household as shown by the Sales of Last Year, amounting to eight-hundred and eighty-one Machines, which far exceed those of any other Company.

This new FAMILY MACHINE is capable of a range and variety of work such as was thought impossible, a short time ago, to perform by machinery. We claim, and can show those whom it may concern, that it is the cheapest, most beautiful, delicately arranged, most adjusted, easily operated, and smoothly running of all the family Sewing Machines. It is remarkable, not only for the range and variety of its sewing, but also for the variety and different kinds of texture which it will sew with equal facility and perfection, using Silk Twist, Linen or Cotton Thread, fine or coarse, making the Interlocked-Elastic-Stitch, alike on both sides of the fabric worn. Then, too, the cloth, or leather, may be sewn with great strength and uniformity of stitch, and in a moment this willing and never wearying machine may be adjusted for fine work on laces or for any other issue, or the tucking of table-cloth, or almost any other work which delicate fingers have been known to perform. Purchasers can soon be convinced that our new Family Machine embodies New and essential principles—simplicity of construction—ease of operation—uniformity of PRECISE action at any speed—capacity for range and variety of work, fine or coarse, leaving all rivals behind it.

THE FOLDING CASE.
The New Family machine may be had in a variety of folding covers and cases. Some show in polished surface, only the grain and tint of the wood, while others are finished in all the elaboration of art.

THE ATTACHMENTS.
For Hemming, Felling, Ruffling, Braiding, Binding, Gathering, Tucking, Embroidering, and so forth, are not only numerous, but now brought to great perfection. Most of them are "achieved by a simple move of the hand," the quality of the work can only be fully appreciated on observation and examination.

Machine Twist.

LINEN THREAD, SPOOL COTTON OIL, &c. We have and shall keep in stock at our Central Office, and Agencies, [on spools of various sizes.] Twist of all sizes and colors.—Linen Thread, Spool Cotton Oil, and all other articles necessary in the use of our machines.

We wish it understood that we manufacture the Twist sold by us; that we shall also have it exact in quality and exceed in quantity, for a given price, that of other manufacturers, and that the Twist [made by us in our new and extensive mills, supplied as they are with the most improved machinery and skilled labor] can be relied on for the desirable qualities of uniformity of size, evenness, length of thread as marked on each spool, strength, excellence of color and beauty of finish.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

CINCINNATI OFFICE, 61 West Fourth St. VOTE The Whole Democratic On Tuesday Next.

NEW THIS WEEK. IMPORTANT TO EVERY LOVER OF NATURE!

The Celebrated Patent Ocular Microscope.

During the past Six Year its worth has been testified to by thousands of Scientific Men, School Teachers, Students, Physicians, and others.

Simplified and Adapted to Popular as well as Scientific use it is an Optical Wonder. Its Magnifying power is TEN THOUSAND TIMES!

Combining endless instruction with amusement; A Beautiful Gift, and one that never loses its interest, reveals the unseen wonders of creation. Eds in Vinegar, Animals in water, Cheese Mites, Sugar and Isth Insects, Milk Globules, Adulations in Food and Drugs, Also the Trichina Spirilla or Pork Worm.

A very beautiful and ornamental instrument, should be on the table of every Family, Physician, Scientific Man, Student and School.

An Euclean Kingdom is opened to the eye by this Instrument. No lover of the beautiful should be without it. Every Instrument is put up in a neat box, with full directions for using it, carefully pasted on the cover. Thousands have been sent by mail, and the propriety guaranteed a safe transit to each instrument. We are sending them every day. Price by mail, postage prepaid, \$2.75, or with two Mounted Objects \$3. Address, K. H. ROSS, 313 Locust Street, St. Louis, Mo. June 23m

THE GREATEST WORK! OF THE AGE!! A BOOK INVALUABLE TO EVERY GROCER, EVERY FARMER, EVERY HOUSEHOLD, EVERY MANUFACTURER, EVERYBODY.

You Cannot Afford to be Without it!

IT CONTAINS The surest and only certain method to keep Eggs Fresh and Sweet for at least one year. The cost is less than half a Cent per dozen, and by this method Eggs bought at eight and ten cents a dozen during the Summer, can be kept and sold through the Winter and sold for thirty and fifty cents. When or where this method will take place of all others. It does not Taint the Egg or give it the appearance of age. When offered for sale it cannot be told either by appearance or quality from a fresh laid Egg.

IT CONTAINS The best receipt ever published of rendering suet and tallow better refined, sweet, and also how to give a uniform and natural color to White and Scented Butter, and the best manner of mixing and repacking butter for market.

These Two Receipts Alone are Worth Hundreds of Dollars.

IT TELLS The cheapest and best mode of manufacturing Washing, Soap, Soda, Salts, Cakes, Paints, Varnishes, Cement, and Baking Powder.

IT TELLS How to Clarify Honey so as to sell for nearly twice the common sort.

IT TELLS The latest and best mode of salting and curing Hams and all kinds of meat.

IT TELLS How to Dye Cloths of various shades in fast colors.

IT GIVES Valuable Receipts for curing Burns, Sores, Cuts, Felons, Frost Bites, Cancer, Ear Aches, Tooth Aches, Ring Worms, with hundreds of other new and valuable methods, with full directions, so that any one can use them.

IT TELLS How to take out Fruit Stains, Ink Stains, Iron Rust Stains, and Paint Stains from Cloth and Silk Dresses.

IT TELLS How to contract frost upon trees, a valuable receipt.

IT TELLS How to Tan Fur, either with or without the hair or wool on, and how to imitate those of superior grade.

IT TELLS How to make the best Curling Fluid for making the hair grow to beautiful flowing ringlets.

IT TELLS How to Feed Hens so as to make them lay all the year round.

IT GIVES Over Five Hundred new and valuable Receipts, and a complete guide to the manufacture of hundreds of useful and saleable articles, including Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Toilet and Dental Articles, and many others easily made, at a trifling cost, and selling readily at large profits, with many manufacturers secrets, &c.

IT IS VALUABLE TO EVERY ONE—BE SURE TO GET IT. Sent by mail, free of postage, for ONE DOLLAR. For sale by W. H. BISHOP, St. Louis, Mo. Agent for the publishers. June 23m

WINTERS & HILL,

Dealers in First Class Family Groceries

North-Baron street, EATON, O. June 2, 1870-jf.

Dayton & Eaton Omnibus Line.

THE undersigned will run a Daily Omnibus line between Dayton and Eaton, as follows: Leave Dayton daily at 5 30 a. m., arriving at Eaton at 10 a. m. Leave Dayton at 1 p. m., arriving at Eaton at 6 30 p. m. Prompt connections made with Northern trains at Dayton. Passengers will be called for by leaving their address at the Donp House, Dayton, and the B. & E. Office, [at the Drug Store of J. P. Brookins & Son, Eaton, O.] All orders and commissions promptly attended to. JAS. TORRENCE. Jan. 1 68-jf.